



ISSN Print: 2394-7500
ISSN Online: 2394-5869
Impact Factor: 5.2
IJAR 2019; 5(12): 438-439
www.allresearchjournal.com
Received: 10-10-2019
Accepted: 17-11-2019

Dr. Anjali Sharma
Department of Philosophy,
Govt. Arts College, Kota,
Rajasthan, India

Vivekananda's views on religion: A comprehensive exploration

Dr. Anjali Sharma

Abstract

The article aims to provide a concise analysis on Vivekananda's views on religion, his ideas on religious harmony, tolerance, and pursuit of spiritual realization. He says, 'of all and the forces that have worked and are still working to mould the destiny of the human race, none certainly is more potent than that, the manifestation of which we call religion.' He asserts that religion is a necessity of life. He says food, clothing, shelters are not the only needs of life. This is proved from the fact that they alone do not satisfy us, even in the midst of luxury man craves for something higher- something better. This craving is his religious craving.

Keywords: Animism, absolute, divinity, spirituality

Introduction

Swami Vivekananda, the renowned Hindu monk and philosopher, played a pivotal role in shaping the modern understanding of religion. Born in 1863, Vivekananda's teachings continue to inspire millions around the world. His profound insights on religion encompassed the essence of Hinduism while embracing the universality of all faiths. This article aims to provide a comprehensive analysis of Vivekananda's views on religion, highlighting his ideas on religious harmony, tolerance, and the pursuit of spiritual realization. Drawing from his extensive writings and speeches, we will delve into his philosophy and explore the relevance of his teachings in today's diverse and interconnected world.

1. Religious Harmony and Unity

Vivekananda firmly believed in the essential unity of religions. He emphasized that different religions are merely various paths leading to the same ultimate goal of spiritual realization and self-discovery. Vivekananda often cited the example of a mountain with different paths, all ultimately leading to the summit. He argued that no single religion could claim a monopoly on truth, as they all provide unique perspectives on the divine.

2. Universal Acceptance and Tolerance

Vivekananda advocated for universal acceptance and tolerance towards all religious beliefs. He emphasized the importance of recognizing and respecting the diversity of religious practices and beliefs. According to Vivekananda, intolerance arises from a lack of understanding and empathy. He stressed that embracing diversity is crucial for fostering peace and harmony in society. Vivekananda's teachings on religious tolerance remain highly relevant today, as societies continue to grapple with religious conflicts and polarization.

3. Religion as a Personal Experience

Vivekananda viewed religion as a deeply personal and experiential journey. He encouraged individuals to seek direct personal experience of the divine rather than relying solely on dogmas and rituals. Vivekananda believed that true religious experience transcends intellectual debates and can be attained through deep meditation, contemplation, and self-realization. He highlighted the importance of inner spirituality and self-discovery as the essence of religious practice.

Correspondence Author:
Dr. Anjali Sharma
Department of Philosophy,
Govt. Arts College, Kota,
Rajasthan, India

4. Emphasis on Practical Spirituality

For Vivekananda, religion was not confined to rituals and ceremonies but extended to every aspect of human life. He emphasized the integration of spirituality with social responsibility and practicality. Vivekananda believed that true spirituality should lead individuals to actively engage in the betterment of society and the alleviation of human suffering. His famous quote, "Arise, awake, and stop not till the goal is reached," reflects his call for individuals to combine spiritual growth with social transformation.

5. The Role of Education in Religion

Vivekananda considered education to be a vital tool for religious and spiritual growth. He advocated for a holistic education system that nurtured the mind, body, and spirit. According to him, education should aim at developing individuals who are morally upright, intellectually sharp, and spiritually awakened. Vivekananda's emphasis on education as a means to foster religious understanding and moral character remains significant in contemporary discussions on spirituality and education.

6. On Hinduism and Vedanta

As a Hindu monk, Vivekananda held a deep reverence for Hinduism and the ancient philosophical system of Vedanta. He believed that Vedanta contained the universal truths that form the foundation of all religions. Vivekananda strove to revive the essence of Vedanta and present it in a way that was accessible to people from all walks of life. His teachings on Hinduism and Vedanta continue to inspire individuals seeking spiritual wisdom and a deeper understanding of the self.

Swami Vivekananda's views on religion reflect a profound understanding of the human quest for meaning and spiritual fulfilment. His teachings transcend the boundaries of time and continue to resonate with individuals seeking religious harmony, tolerance, and personal transformation. Vivekananda championed the idea that religion should be a unifying force rather than a divisive one, emphasizing the importance of recognizing the underlying unity of all faiths. His teachings on religious harmony, universal acceptance, and the pursuit of spiritual realization have profound implications for our contemporary world.

In today's interconnected and diverse global landscape, Vivekananda's teachings offer valuable insights into fostering religious harmony and understanding. His emphasis on universal acceptance and tolerance serves as a powerful antidote to religious conflicts and prejudices. By recognizing the essential unity of religions and embracing their diversity, we can build bridges of understanding and foster peaceful coexistence.

Vivekananda's call for personal and experiential religious exploration resonates with those who seek a deeper connection with the divine. In an era marked by skepticism and materialism, his teachings remind us of the importance of introspection, meditation, and self-realization in the pursuit of spiritual growth. By focusing on inner spirituality, individuals can transcend the limitations of external rituals and dogmas, leading to a more profound understanding of the self and the divine.

The practicality of Vivekananda's teachings is particularly relevant in today's society. He advocated for the integration of spirituality with social responsibility, emphasizing that true spirituality should manifest in compassionate action and

the betterment of society. In a world grappling with numerous social and environmental challenges, Vivekananda's message serves as a reminder that spirituality is not an isolated pursuit but a force that should inspire individuals to actively contribute to the welfare of others.

Vivekananda's emphasis on education as a tool for spiritual and moral development remains significant. In an era where education often focuses solely on academic achievement and professional success, his call for a holistic education system is more relevant than ever. By nurturing the mind, body, and spirit, education can play a transformative role in developing individuals who are not only intellectually capable but also morally upright and spiritually awakened.

As a devout Hindu, Vivekananda held a deep reverence for Hinduism and the philosophical system of Vedanta. However, his teachings transcend the boundaries of any particular religion, emphasizing the universal truths that underlie all faiths. Vivekananda sought to present the essence of Vedanta in a way that was accessible and relevant to people from all cultural backgrounds. His teachings on Hinduism and Vedanta continue to inspire individuals seeking spiritual wisdom and a deeper understanding of the self.

Conclusion

In conclusion, Swami Vivekananda's views on religion offer profound insights into religious harmony, tolerance, and the pursuit of spiritual realization. His teachings emphasize the unity of religions, universal acceptance, and the transformative power of personal experience. Vivekananda's emphasis on the integration of spirituality with practical action, the role of education in religious and moral development, and his reverence for Hinduism and Vedanta provide a comprehensive framework for individuals seeking a holistic approach to religion and spirituality. As we navigate the complexities of our modern world, Vivekananda's teachings remain a guiding light, inspiring us to cultivate religious understanding, tolerance, and personal transformation.

References

1. Vivekananda Swami. *The Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda*. Advaita Ashrama; c2013.
2. Vrajaprana Pravrajika. *Vivekananda: A Biography*. Vedanta Press; c1996.
3. Sen Amiya P. *Swami Vivekananda: Select Speeches*. Penguin Books India; c2002.
4. Chetananda Swami. *Swami Vivekananda in the West: New Discoveries*. Vedanta Press; c1997.
5. Bhattacharya Pranab. *Swami Vivekananda: A Historical Review*. Prachya Prakashan; c2003.